

"THE REAL SOLUTION IS ALWAYS CLOSE TO NATURE."

Animaxx-Premium team



SAHARA DRY LITTER TREATMENT:

Uncompromising, chemical, and antibiotic free technology for clean and healthy animals.

VETERINARY MEDICINAL PRODUCT

Problems due to bedding

External parasites

Why?

>> the environment is ideal

- >> warm and humid
 - » itching
 - » stress



Cleanliness is incorrect

Why?

- >> high humidity and number of bacteriums
- » adheres to the skin
- » infects the animal
 - » diseases
 - » deaths



The harvested crop might be contagious

Why?

>> applied to the field manure might be highly contagious



Infected eggs

Why?

- >> wet and infectious litter Adhesion to skin » infectious microbes penetration
- » washing, vaccination needed
 - » high costs
 - » high production and health risks



Respiratory tract irritation

and diseases

Why problematic?

>> high in ammonia and hydrogen sulfide content

>> tracheal irritation, cough

>> increased stress

>> deteriorating the

immune system

Infectious diseases

Why?

- >> the skin and horn layers soften
- » the skin becomes vulnerable
- » minor injuries become infected and inflamed etc.



Mastitis

Why?

- >> environmental microbes get into the milk canals
- » animals infect each other
- » the immune system is weakened
 - » other diseases; culling, etc.



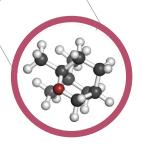
Why problematic?

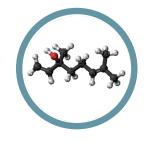
- >> high moisture and organic substance content
- >> medium for bacterial & parasite growth
 - >> infection
 - >> diseases, deaths



How does the regular use of Sahara Dry litter treatment powder provide a solution?







Mouth: respiratory tract irritation

and diseases

- · ammonia and hydrogen sulfide effective absorption
- no respiratory tract irritation
- · no odour
- · no stress
- strong immune system
- · healthy animals

Body:

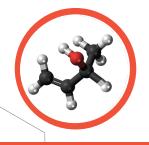
external parasites harass the herd

- eucalyptus- and yukka oil
- keeps away ecto-parasites
- no irritation
- no stress and infection
- pleasant smell and environment produce better
- strong immune system
- · healthy animals

- Beading: unfavourable environment
- · different essential oils
- pleasant environment
- · animals lie more on dry and pleasant litter and
- · on dry litter the probability of environmental infections decreases

Faeces: wet, irritating, infectious

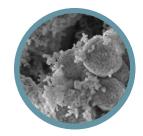
- · due to the outstanding moisture absorption keeps litter dry (microorganisms do not favour it)
- · inhibits decomposition of litter in the stall (drastically reduce CO2 emission)
- dry litter peels off the skin (does not stick)
- pH = 5, almost skin neutral, does not irritate the skin (this pH range is not favourable for bacterial multiplication)



Udder: mastitis

Hoofs: feet and hoof





Arable land: infectious

- for the above mentioned reasons, reduces the environmental pathogenic microbe pressure causing clinical mastitis
- healthier udders produce lower somatic cell milk

3.

- healthier udders produce more milk than inflamed udders
- · softening of the skin of the legs will not happen (no moisture, ammonia and effects of uric acid)
- · no sticking the faeces on the skin
- · no micro-injuries
- · no infection
- · healthy stock
- · economic production

- · no dirt adhesion
- · no egg cleaning and disinfection needed
- no wash off the protective cuticula layer of the egg
- the egg becomes redundant
- no infection
- · clean and healthy eggs
- · healthy table eggs
- · ensuring healthy reproduction
- · more efficient and economical production
- · Sahara Dry due to its high calcium carbonate content significantly improves soil calcium supply, improves Ca-Na ratio in saline soils, narrows the C: N ratio
- supports crumbly soil structure formation
- supports multiplication of aerobic microorganisms in the soil
- · improves water management of soil significantly
- inhibits leaching
- · due to higher nitrogen, carbon and kalium content of Sahara Dry treated litter and later in manure. it increases the nitrogen, carbon and kalium content of the farmland, which decrease the necessity of inorganic fertilization



Experience of use - see label (application, dosage)



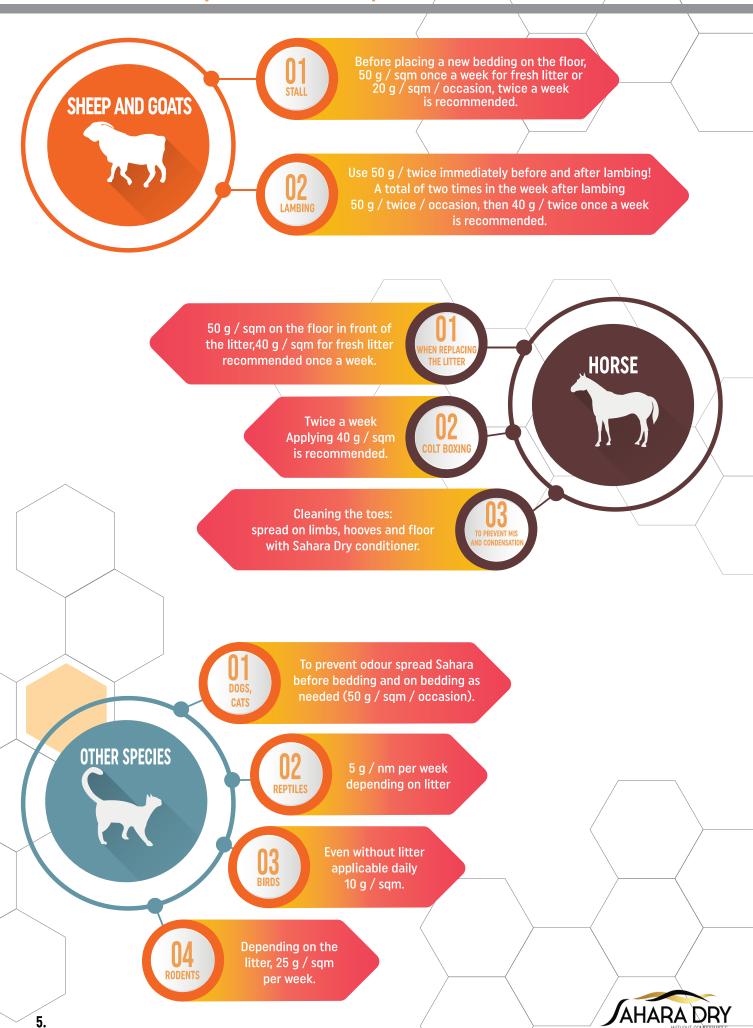


Twice a week Spread 25 g / sqm / occasion. DEEP OR OCCASION

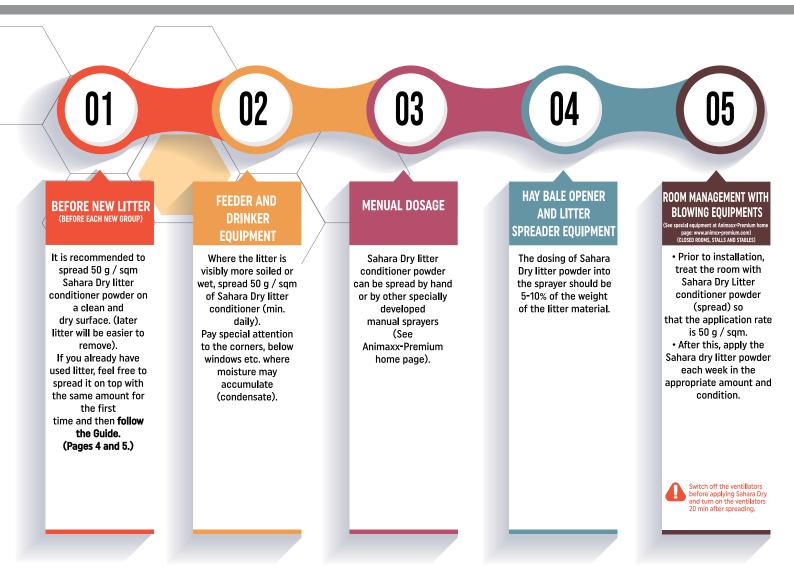
50 g / sqm once a week or 25 g / sqm / occasion - twice a week is recommended.



Developed for the most problematic conditions



Possible application methods



The frequency and amount of application depends on the breed of the animal, the housing technology, the material of the floor, the practice of ventilation, the humidity of the air, the temperature, the number of animals per square meter, the type and amount of litter used, etc. therefore the optimal technology must be determined individually for each site.

Recommended procedure for bacterial (infectious) foot and to prevent foot problems:

Place a clean and empty footbath tray in the traffic lane or part of the traffic lane so that the animal can enter it at least twice with the same foot. Fill the empty tray or the cut-off road with Sahara Dry litter handling powder. Then walk through the animals at a frequency that depends on the cleanliness of the feet (at least twice a week, but can also be on a daily basis in wet conditions). Sahara Dry litter treatment powder adheres to wet or damaged and purulent surfaces. It binds moisture on the surface, wipes dirt off the surface and dries the surface off (on animals). It is recommended to regularly replenish and maintain the amount of Sahara Dry litter handling powder applied in order to achieve appropriate results. In the case of lying animals, regularly spread the problematic foot with Sahara Dry litter conditioner powder for drying and keeping it dry.



Beneficial environmental effects of its use



Sahara Dry litter treatment powder effectively binds ammonia and inhibits ammonia emissions from manure. The nitrogen content of litter treated with Sahara Dry increases compared to untreated litter due to inhibition of degradation of N containing materials and ammonia absorbance. The amount of applied litter material (straw, etc.) can be significantly reduced by applying Sahara Dry powder and C content of the manure can be reduced. The use of Sahara Dry reduces the C: N ratio (reduction of carbon, increase of nitrogen), so that the pentosan effect in the soil (during the decomposition of litter r emoves nitrogen from its environment and will be nutrient deficient) can be avoided. Litter treated with Sahara Dry binds urine immediately, which is effective method of the avoidance of potassium (K) depletion, so the potassium content of the litter can increase significantly compared to untreated litter, thus reducing potassium loss. Sahara Dry binds ions dissolved in water efficiently and immediately together with moisture, thus drastically reducing the loss of manure ions (it does not flow into the soil with urine), enriches manure and reduces local environmental pollution and reduces the need of synthetic fertilizer usage.



Sahara Dry effectively binds water-soluble components and gases. By absorbing water, stops the microbial processes and material degradation which is the main reason and source of gas production and emission and odour environmental pollution of farms.



By using Shara Dry regularly, the presence of odours and insects can be prevented, thus improving the work environment. Ammonia is a toxic and irritating gas that is high concentration can cause health and productivity problems (weight gain may decrease, immune system may deteriorate, stress may increase, disease rates may increase) that can be avoided. Wet litter is slippery as well. By using Sahara Dry litter conditioner, safe, dry, pleasant environment can be kept, where both workers and animals can get the most out of themselves.



Dry litter does not support the development of fly and ectoparasite larvae. Keeping insects away, drastically reducing and eliminating them, can significantly improve the key production indicators. Dry litter does not stick (dirt drips off) so the likelihood of litter infections can be significantly reduced. Absence of diseases automatically reduce the need for antibiotic treatments, reducing the burden of antibiotics on the environment and the risk and likelihood of the occurrence of antibiotic-resistant microorganisms.



In addition to the positive effects described for manure, Sahara Dry has a high calcium carbonate content, which improves the calcium supply to Ca-poor soils (separate liming can be avoided by reducing significant costs). It can promote the formation of a crumbly structure of soils (not only in terms of its composition but also in terms of its structure, as it does not contain mined and then ground calcium carbonate). After drying, the Sahara Dry litter is able to absorb 250-270% of the moisture again, which e.g. prevents the complete leaching of nutrients from the soil during rain and it can act as a water buffer, gradually bringing moisture to the soil microorganisms and the roots of plants, so it can strongly support soil life.

Sahara Dry technical data

packaging: multilayer paper bag with foil insert

packaging: bagged: 25 kg, palletized: 1000 kg / pallet

Big-Bag: 1000kg, 1000kg / pallet

EUR pallets: 40 bags shrink-wrapped

NÉBIH registration number:

767/1/2016 NÉBIH ÁTI (25 kg) 767/2/2016 NÉBIH ÁTI (1000 kg)

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WHAT IS SAHARA DRY TECHNOLOGY

complete mechanism of action, saves significant time, litter material, machine hours, manure handling costs and increases key performance indicators of development of fly and insect production.

Due to its

Outstanding moisture retention (250-270%) low organic matter content (&20%).

Clean animals. The dry litter and faeces do not stick to the body surfaces and do not infects them. Less disease.



Common pathogenic bacteria with soft cell wall, that require a moist environment, are particularly sensitive to moisture extraction e.g. genus Mycoplasma.

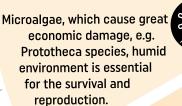
The dry environment

is not supportive to the

larvae.

12 IN 1 **SYSTEM**

Due to the lack of microbial growth (due to low water activity) results in a less infectious litter, leading to less infection and death.





Provides a soft horizontal surface. Micro-injuries and then infections are missed. The animals rest more and they thrive better.



Due to dry litter and skin neutral pH, no skin and horns softening and destruction. It drastically improves a productivity.



Skin neutral. No skin irritation and inflammation. Animals can relax more and improve a a lot they feed utilization.



Reduces the farm's gas emissions. The litter has a higher nitrogen and carbon and potassium content. Improves the soil quality.

